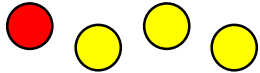


# Addition symbol

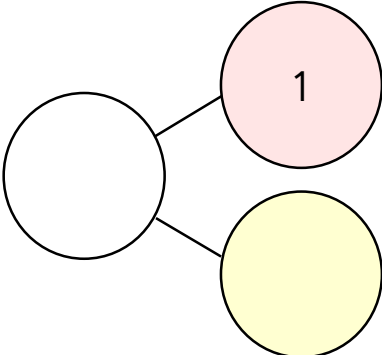


- 1 Group the counters by colour.  
Complete the sentences, number sentences and part-whole models.

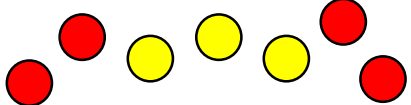
a



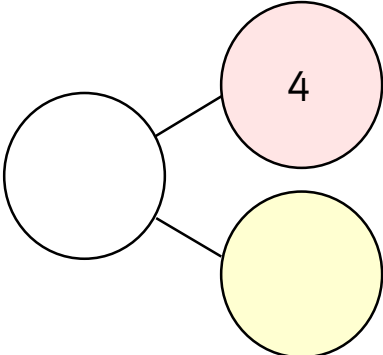
1 red counter plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 4 counters.

$$\boxed{1} + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$


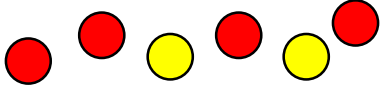
b



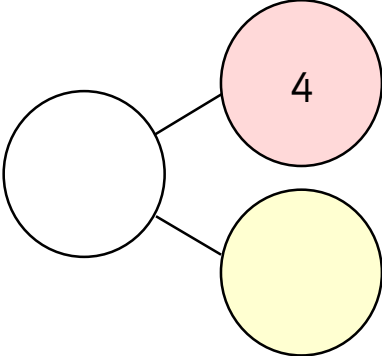
4 red counters plus 2 yellow  
counters is equal to 6 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$


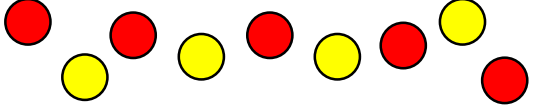
c



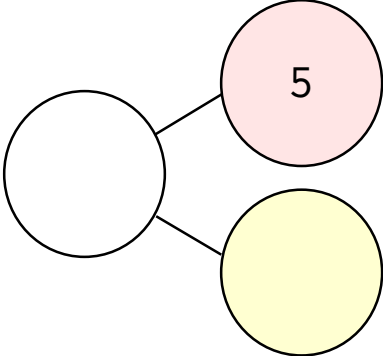
4 red counters plus 2 yellow  
counters is equal to 6 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$


d



5 red counters plus 1 yellow  
counters is equal to 6 counters.

$$\boxed{5} + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$


# Addition symbol



1 Use cubes to help you complete the part-whole models and number sentences.

a

$5 + 1 = \square$

$1 + 5 = \square$

b

$2 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 2 = \square$

c

$1 + 0 = \square$

$0 + 1 = \square$

d

$3 + 4 = \square$

$4 + 3 = \square$

e

$4 + 6 = \square$

$6 + 4 = \square$

f

$1 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 1 = \square$

g

$1 + 2 = \square$

$2 + 1 = \square$

h

$2 + 7 = \square$

$7 + 2 = \square$

i

$7 + 1 = \square$

$1 + 7 = \square$

j

$2 + 2 = \square$

$1 + 1 = \square$

k

$1 + 4 = \square$

$4 + 0 = \square$

l

$0 + 3 = \square$

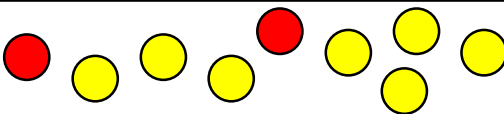
$5 + 1 = \square$

# Addition symbol



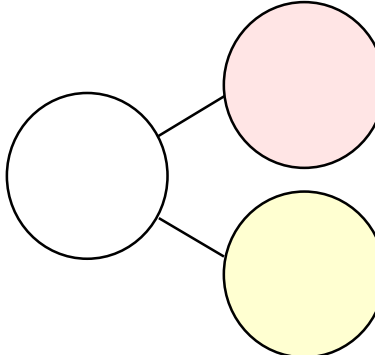
- 1 Group the counters by colour.  
Complete the sentences, number sentences and part-whole models.

a

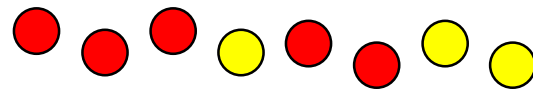


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

+  =

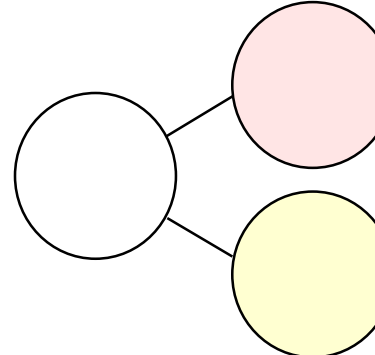


b

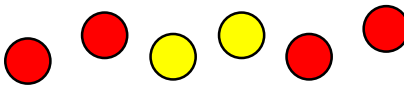


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

+  =

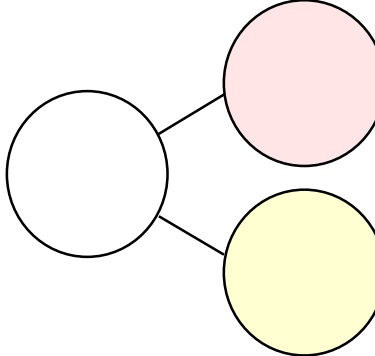


c

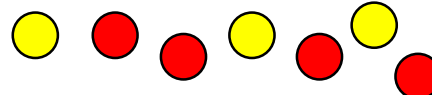


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

+  =

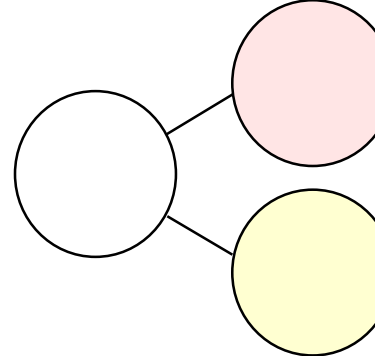


d



\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

+  =



# Addition symbol



1 Use cubes to help you solve the following calculations.

a

$6 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 6 = \square$

b

$0 + 2 = \square$

$2 + 0 = \square$

c

$5 + 1 = \square$

$1 + 5 = \square$

d

$3 + 5 = \square$

$5 + 3 = \square$

e

$1 + 4 = \square$

$4 + 1 = \square$

f

$2 + 8 = \square$

$8 + 2 = \square$

g

$4 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 4 = \square$

h

$5 + 4 = \square$

$4 + 5 = \square$

i

$7 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 7 = \square$

j

$4 + 2 = \square$

$2 + 4 = \square$

k

$2 + 3 = \square$

$3 + 2 = \square$

l

$6 + 2 = \square$

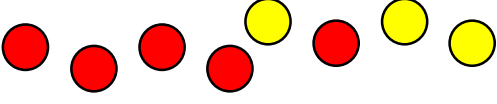
$2 + 6 = \square$

# Addition symbol






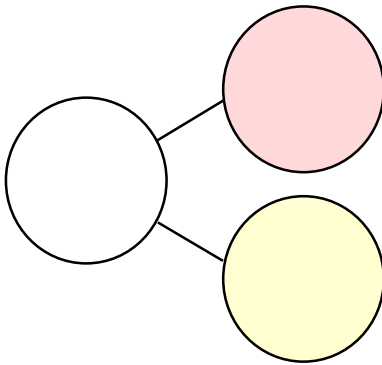
1 Complete then create your own addition problems.

a

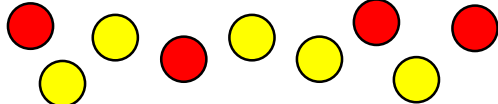


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.


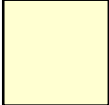

 +  = 

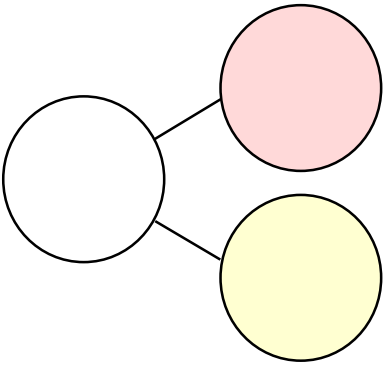


b

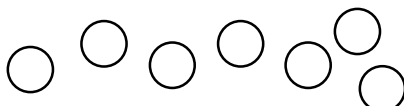


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.


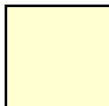

 +  = 

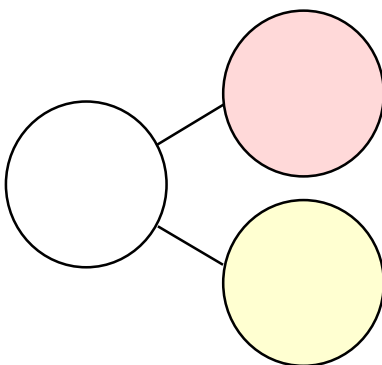


c

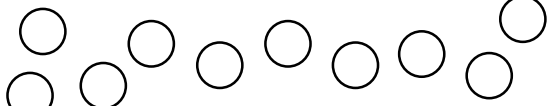


\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.


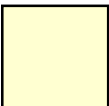

 +  = 

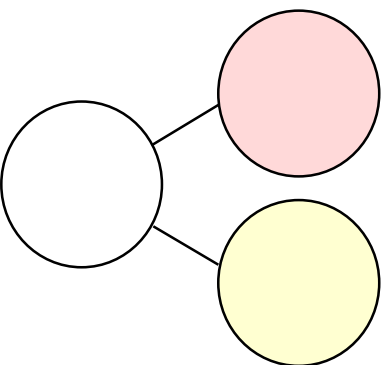


d



\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

 +  = 



# Addition symbol



1 Complete the part-whole models then use this to help you create number sentences.

a

+  =

+  =

b

+  =

+  =

c

+  =

+  =

d

+  =

+  =

e

+  =

+  =

f

+  =

+  =

g

+  =

+  =

h

+  =

+  =

i

+  =

+  =

j

$4 + 2 = \square$

+  = 3

k

$4 + 1 = \square$

+  = 1

l

$3 + 5 = \square$

+  = 4

# Answers

To avoid wasting paper & ink,  
please do not print this page.

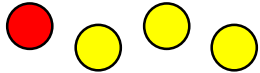


# Addition symbol

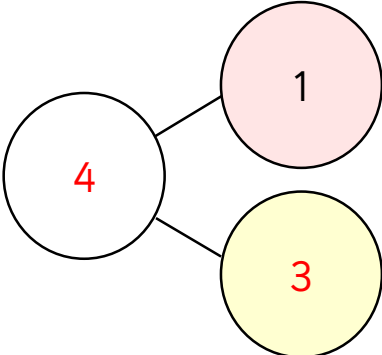


- 1 Group the counters by colour.  
Complete the sentences, number sentences and part-whole models.

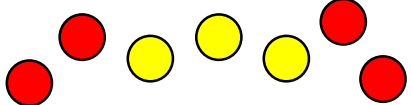
a



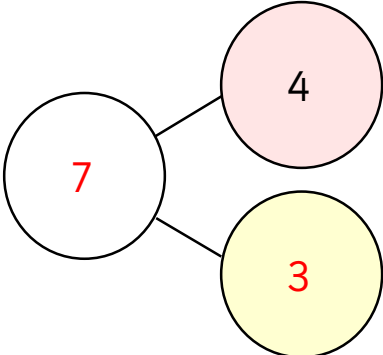
1 red counter plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 4 counters.

$$\boxed{1} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{4}$$


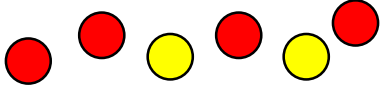
b



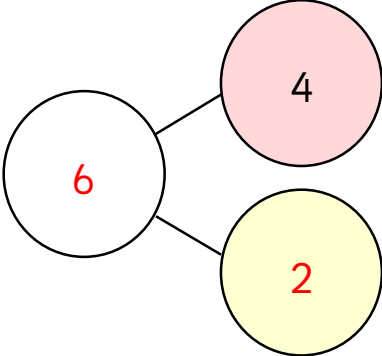
4 red counters plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 7 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{7}$$


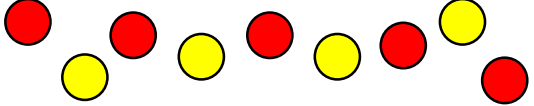
c



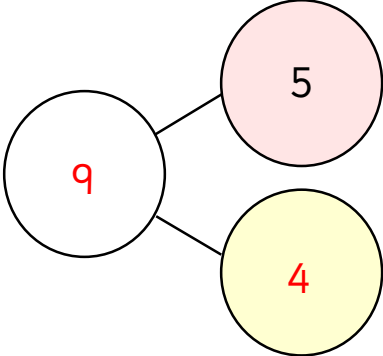
4 red counters plus 2 yellow  
counters is equal to 6 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{2} = \boxed{6}$$


d



5 red counters plus 4 yellow  
counters is equal to 9 counters.

$$\boxed{5} + \boxed{4} = \boxed{9}$$




# Addition symbol



1 Use cubes to help you complete the part-whole models and number sentences.

a

$5 + 1 = \boxed{6}$

$1 + 5 = \boxed{6}$

b

$2 + 3 = \boxed{5}$

$3 + 2 = \boxed{5}$

c

$1 + 0 = \boxed{1}$

$0 + 1 = \boxed{1}$

d

$3 + 4 = \boxed{7}$

$4 + 3 = \boxed{7}$

e

$4 + 6 = \boxed{10}$

$6 + 4 = \boxed{10}$

f

$1 + 3 = \boxed{4}$

$3 + 1 = \boxed{4}$

g

$1 + 2 = \boxed{3}$

$2 + 1 = \boxed{3}$

h

$2 + 7 = \boxed{9}$

$7 + 2 = \boxed{9}$

i

$7 + 1 = \boxed{8}$

$1 + 7 = \boxed{8}$

j

$2 + 2 = \boxed{4}$

$1 + 1 = \boxed{2}$

k

$1 + 4 = \boxed{5}$

$4 + 0 = \boxed{4}$

l

$0 + 3 = \boxed{3}$

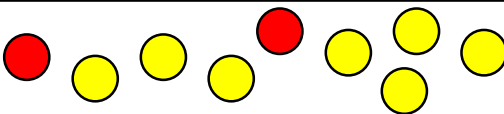
$5 + 1 = \boxed{6}$

# Addition symbol

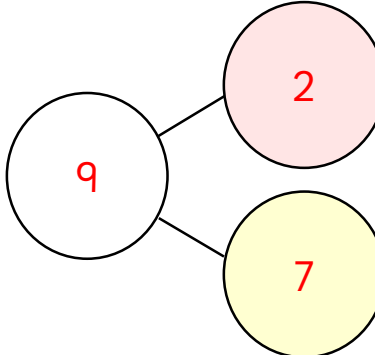


- 1 Group the counters by colour.  
Complete the sentences, number sentences and part-whole models.

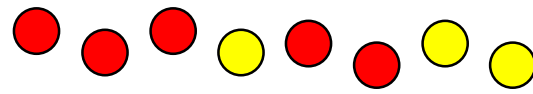
a



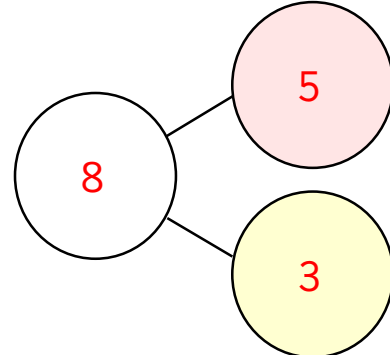
2 red counters plus 7 yellow  
counters is equal to 9 counters.

$$\boxed{2} + \boxed{7} = \boxed{9}$$


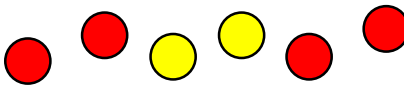
b



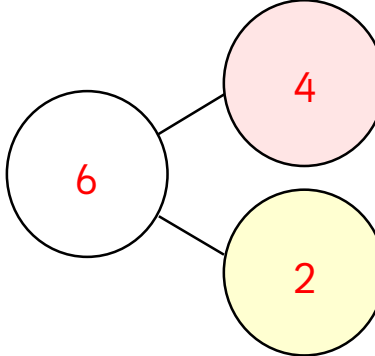
5 red counters plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 8 counters.

$$\boxed{5} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{8}$$


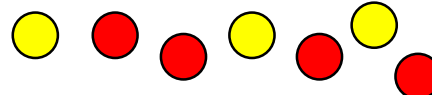
c



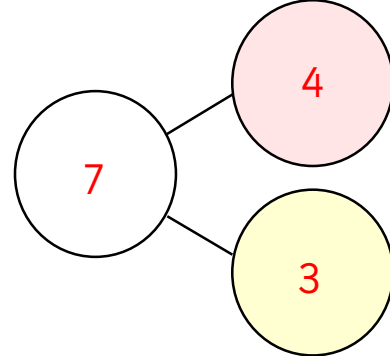
4 red counters plus 2 yellow  
counters is equal to 6 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{2} = \boxed{6}$$


d



4 red counters plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 7 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{7}$$


# Addition symbol



1 Use cubes to help you solve the following calculations.

a

$6 + 3 = \boxed{9}$

$3 + 6 = \boxed{9}$

b

$0 + 2 = \boxed{2}$

$2 + 0 = \boxed{2}$

c

$5 + 1 = \boxed{6}$

$1 + 5 = \boxed{6}$

d

$3 + 5 = \boxed{8}$

$5 + 3 = \boxed{8}$

e

$1 + 4 = \boxed{5}$

$4 + 1 = \boxed{5}$

f

$2 + 8 = \boxed{10}$

$8 + 2 = \boxed{10}$

g

$4 + 3 = \boxed{7}$

$3 + 4 = \boxed{7}$

h

$5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$

$4 + 5 = \boxed{9}$

i

$7 + 3 = \boxed{10}$

$3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$

j

$4 + 2 = \boxed{6}$

$2 + 1 = \boxed{3}$

k

$2 + 3 = \boxed{5}$

$1 + 0 = \boxed{1}$

l

$6 + 2 = \boxed{8}$

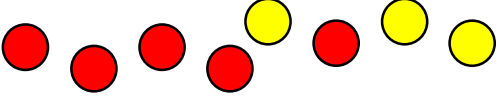
$1 + 3 = \boxed{4}$

# Addition symbol

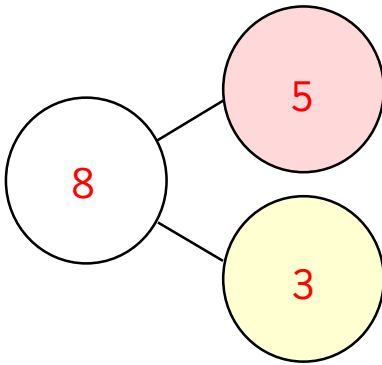


1 Complete then create your own addition problems.

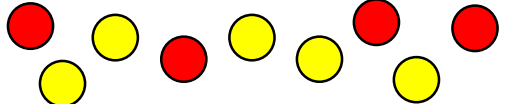
a



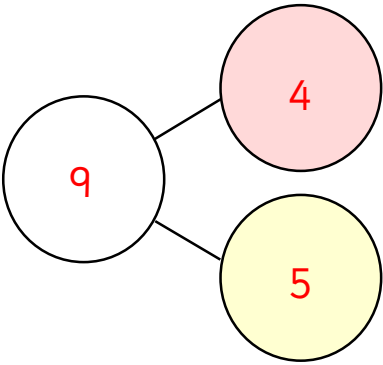
5 red counters plus 3 yellow  
counters is equal to 8 counters.

$$\boxed{5} + \boxed{3} = \boxed{8}$$


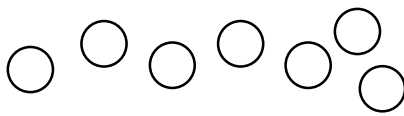
b



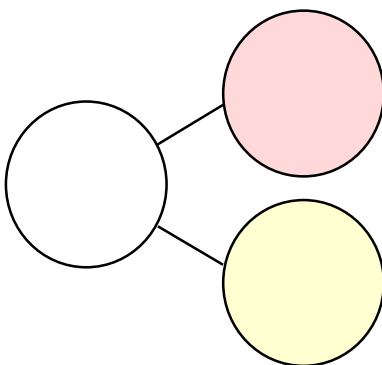
4 red counters plus 5 yellow  
counters is equal to 9 counters.

$$\boxed{4} + \boxed{5} = \boxed{9}$$


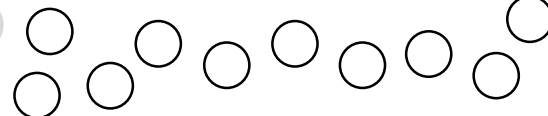
c



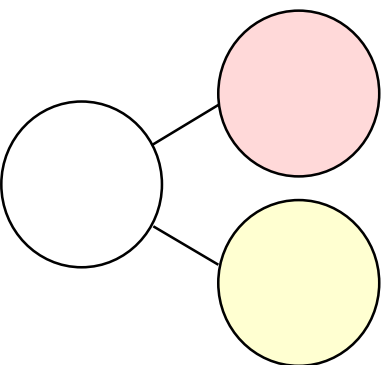
\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$


d



\_\_\_\_\_ red counters plus \_\_\_\_\_ yellow  
counters is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ counters.

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$$


# Addition symbol



1 Complete the part-whole models then use this to help you create number sentences.

a

$5 + 4 = 9$   
 $4 + 5 = 9$

b

$4 + 3 = 7$   
 $3 + 4 = 7$

c

$2 + 3 = 5$   
 $3 + 2 = 5$

d

$6 + 4 = 10$   
 $4 + 6 = 10$

e

$2 + 0 = 2$   
 $0 + 2 = 2$

f

$1 + 5 = 6$   
 $5 + 1 = 6$

g

$4 + 4 = 8$

h

$2 + 7 = 9$

i

$7 + 3 = 10$

j

$4 + 2 = 6$

$1 + 2 = 3$

k

$4 + 1 = 5$

$0 + 1 = 1$

l

$3 + 5 = 8$

$2 + 2 = 4$